THE PALACE JOURNAL | WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1889.

Notes of the Week.

I CONGRATULATE Mr. Low upon the approaching holiday excursion of two hundred of his lads. They are going for a week to camp out close to the sea-shore, between Ramsgate and Broadstairs. The managers are Messrs. Edward Burril and Alfred Bede, and the Secretary and Treasurer is Mr. C. E. Osborn. The party leaves Blackwall Pier on Friday, July 12th, at 11 a.m., and comes back on Friday, July 19th. If there is a fresh breeze and a flowing sea about ten miles or so before Margate is reached, these happy boys will experience the most novel and the most delightful emotions, which will be increased and become more delightful as the vessel rounds the North Foreland. Then cheeks will turn pale, they will become absorbed in thought, and presently they will turn their heads over the side of the vessel. However, Ramsgate is not far from the North Foreland, and this particular enjoyment on board ship is said to be very wholesome.

Six days leaves room for all kinds of entertainments. The programme of every day has been prepared and laid down, giving a variety of choice that ought to find something for everybody. For each day have been planned excursions, either walking or driving, with Sketching, Paper Chases, Cricket, Quizzes, Rounders, Lawn Tennis, and Athletic Sports. The boys will sleep in barns. They will get up at 6.45, bathe at 7—the sea is pretty strong sometimes at high tide: they will breakfast at 8.15; have dinner at 1.30; and tea at 5.45. Perhaps one or two will keep a diary of the holiday, and send it to the Editor of the Palace Journal, who wishes fine weather and a happy holiday to the boys!

Organ Recitals,
On SUNDAY NEXT, JULY 7th, 1889.

In the Queen's Hall, at 12.30 and 4.0'clock.

At 12.30. Organist, Mr. Alfred Hollins.

1. Letter in C minor
2. Serenade (by request)
3. Christmas Offering
4. Impromptu
5. Fantasia on C

At 4. Organist, Mr. Alfred Hollins.

1. In
2. Adlumian (by request)
3. Sacred Song, “Nazareth” (by request)
4. Andante in A flat
5. Impromptu
6. Grand Chorier

The Palace Journal will be sent post free as soon as published to any address in the United Kingdom for 6/- a year, or 1½ a quarter. Subscriptions must be prepaid.

Coming Events.

THURSDAY, July 4th.—Library.—Newspapers may be seen from 7.30 a.m.; Library open from 10 to 5 and from 6 to 10, free.

Workmen's and Apprentices' Industrial Exhibition (opens at 10), Music, etc., as per Programme.

Conversation by Technical School Boys, in Queen's Hall, at 8.

Dramatic Society.—General Meeting, at 8.

Cycling Club.—Run.

FRIDAY, July 5th.—Library.—Newspapers may be seen from 7.30 a.m.; Library open from 10 to 5 and from 6 to 10, free.

Workmen's Exhibition—Music, etc., as per Programme.

Conversation by Technical School Boys, in Queen's Hall, at 8.

Choral Society.—Rehearsal, at 8.

Orchestral Society.—Rehearsal, 8 to 10.

Military Band.—Practice, at 7.45.

SATURDAY, July 6th.—Library.—Newspapers may be seen from 7.30 a.m.; Library open from 10 to 5 and from 6 to 10, free.

Workmen's Exhibition—Music, etc., as per Programme.

Ramblers' Club.—To Abbey Wood.

Dramatic Society.—Rehearsal, at 8.

Military Band.—Practice, at 7.45.

Cycling Club.—Run.

SUNDAY, July 7th.—Organ Recitals, at 12.30 and 4.

Library.—Open from 3 till 10, free.

MONDAY, July 8th.—Library.—Newspapers may be seen from 7.30 a.m.; Library open from 10 to 5 and from 6 to 10, free.

Shorthand Society.—Usual weekly meeting, Technical School.

TUESDAY, July 9th.—Library.—Newspapers may be seen from 7.30 a.m.; Library open from 10 to 5 and from 6 to 10, free.

Choral Society.—Rehearsal, at 8.

Chess Club.—Usual practice, at 7.

Cycling Club.—Run.

Organ Recitals, On SUNDAY NEXT, JULY 7th, 1889.

In the Queen's Hall, at 12.30 and 4.0'clock.

At 12.30. Organist, Mr. Alfred Hollins.

1. Overture in C minor
2. Serenade and Chorus, "I wait for the Lord." (Hymn of Praise)
3. Christmas Offering
4. Fantasia
5. Impromptu
6. Fantasia on C

At 4. Organist, Mr. Alfred Hollins.

1. Fugue in E flat (St. Anmes)
2. Adlumian (by request)
3. Sacred Song, "Nazareth" (by request)
4. Andante in A flat
5. Impromptu
6. Grand Chorier

The programme of every day has been prepared and laid down, giving a variety of choice that ought to find something for everybody. For each day have been planned excursions, either walking or driving, with Sketching, Paper Chases, Cricket, Quizzes, Rounders, Lawn Tennis, and Athletic Sports. The boys will sleep in barns. They will get up at 6.45, bathe at 7—the sea is pretty strong sometimes at high tide: they will breakfast at 8.15; have dinner at 1.30; and tea at 5.45. Perhaps one or two will keep a diary of the holiday, and send it to the Editor of the Palace Journal, who wishes fine weather and a happy holiday to the boys!

Ramsgate, Margate and Broadstairs, are situated, as everybody knows, on the Isle of Thanet. It is no longer an island, because the narrow creek called the Wantsome, which formerly cut it off from the mainland, has been dried up and ploughed over for four hundred years. In the time of Bede, that is, one thousand years ago, the creek was a third-of-a-mile wide. The island has many historical associations. Here King Ethelbert met Augustine and consented to the preaching of Christianity. Here also landed the SAXON Hingest. There was found here a few years ago an old cemetery in which the first Saxon settlers were buried. Sir Moses Montefiore lived at East Cliff, close to the farm where the boys are going; they must look at the house where this good man died. Charles Dickens also had a house at Broadstairs. Off the Cliff from Broadstairs to Margate is splendid, both for the fine breeze which always blows, and the sight of the ships sailing and steaming home or outward bound. Sometimes there are many hundred vessels waiting for a favourable wind. It is quite possible to walk round on the shore, but it must be when the tide is running out, otherwise one may be caught by the rising waters. Another very pleasant walk is from Ramsgate to
Said the Palace Journal.

The Palace Journal.

July 3, 1889.

Palace and Institute Notes.

July 3, 1889.

STILL a further arrangement for the benefit of Paris strippers. The French government, having agreed with the technicals to wherever is worth visiting. Now it has been announced that it is their intention to allow the garçons to be shared by the Palace's strippers, anyone of whom can by a payment of eight francs in the boot (immense discount) secure a rest for three days, during which time the waggonette will wait for the orders of the men, and park at St. Cloud, and indeed everywhere outside the exhibits. Then you will well fill the remaining three days which is worth seeing.

The accommodation, I am told, is limited, and comes to this, that the three beds should, therefore, be in the hands of the poor men. The truth is, garçons and slackers will have means which they have not possessed of before. By themselves, things will be made easier, and will enjoy the advantage of a definite dailyprogramme.

Talents of a definite dailyprogramme, anyone desiring to see a model plan for a boys' outing, should get a copy of the programme of the Technical School Boys' Excursion to Elstree Farm. Not a moment of any one of the six days need be wasted, and there is always something going to suit everyone. This is an immense improvement on the old practices, of letting a crowd of youngsters loose in a strange place to wander about and hunt for their own amusement and waste their precious moments in bewildement.

That the boys deserve their holiday anybody can see, who will be at the Palace on either Wednesday, Thursday, Friday or Saturday evening of this week. What the boys do in every way, the parents of others will do it to a great effect at the Conversazione.

Another, wonderful tree—this tree lives at Kew Gardens—has brought fame to the place, because of a number of enormous stars, as big as one of those magic flowers in a Christmas pantomime, and it really was. It lived in Orotava, one of the most inaccessible parts of the Canary Islands, and it is a wonder to the world at large. The tree is called the Dragon Tree,—Draco, and it is a species of agave, a genus which is a kind of crown of sword-like leaves; it has a curious appearance, and the name implies that the old, dead persons of Orotava imagined that the tree was a live creature, and worshipped it.

Dancing in all places, seats being reserved for the first heat was discovered in the middle of the bath after the race was over, but they dodged from one side to the other, so much that some of them never got into the water. We have no doubt that the Donkeys and Ponies.

Of the sun, and were the high priests of the national religion, and the living descendants of this ancient blood-royal. The Incas wore a fillet, with a ball descending between the eyes. They wore tunic and leggings of snow-white materials, and for a crown they put on a coronet of gold, this coronet was formed of a jasper, and was called the Tiara, and was supposed to be the former crown worn by the ancient Peruvians.


cesses, the introduction of these little scenes in one scene was wonderfully effective. Do our worthy legislators believe that the children are invited to act in a place where there is cruelty to allow children to act in a place where there is 

T he word Inca in the Quichua tongue means chief. The first Inca was Manco Capac, the leader of the Quichua tribe. He and his two brothers founded the Empire of Peru. The Incas claimed to be the children of the sun and the moon. They believed that the sun and the moon were born in the Andes of Peru and that the sun lived in the city of Cuzco. They claimed that the sun was the ancestor of all the Inca people.

In a clime so strange the Incas continued to be the most remarkable people in the world, and it is not to be wondered at if the profession alone is a larger sense, the Incas included the whole race of people, and they are still called the Incas for the sake of the Incas, who were very proud of their race when they had been preserved by the government of the country. The Incas is claimed to be the children of the sun and the moon. They believed that the sun and the moon were born in the Andes of Peru and that the sun lived in the city of Cuzco. They claimed that the sun was the ancestor of all the Inca people.

In the beginning, the Incas were very poor and primitive, and they lived in the form of huts. They had no metal, and their only weapon was a stone ax. They were very sociable and friendly, and they lived in a state of peace and contentment.

In the middle of the bath a large brute was discovered in the middle of the bath after the race was over, but they dodged from one side to the other, so much that some of them never got into the water. We have no doubt that the Donkeys and Ponies.

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The train leaves Liverpool Street Station at 3:22, and calls at the several stations listed, including: 3:25 p.m., and take return tickets to South Woolwich; fare, gd.

BEAUMONT HARRIERS

The First Annual Garden Party and Athletic Sports will be held in the grounds of the "Green Horse," Onslow, on Saturday, the 9th inst.; and entries for the following events will be decided, commencing at 2:45 p.m.:—

1. Two Miles Handicap. Prize, Ten Guineas. For 4½-year-olds, &c.

All the events for men. The following friends introduced and nominated by Members are invited to take part in these numbers, viz.:—

1. The Rev. Mr. E. B. Sanderson, M.A.
2. Mr. H. E. Young
3. Mr. H. E. Harvey
4. Mr. M. Moyle
5. Mr. A. H. Kendall

Central American Ruins

There are in Mexico and Central America many remains of antiquity. In the former country the principal consists of the temple of the moon, which is situated on the summit of the city of Mexico, and which, according to Clavigero, was originally a hill of considerable height. It has been variously estimated as to its size; but it is generally admitted to have been the temple of the moon. The temple proper, which was built of stone, was divided into narrow corridors and dark chambers, which were connected by a staircase in the middle of the temple. In these corridors were found the remains of idols and altars, and evidences of ancient sacrifice. The ruins are still visible, and the remains of the ancient buildings are being continually explored by archaeologists.

Catching Tigers

The author of "Three Years of a Wanderer's Life" says that he once had occasion to attack a tiger, and to look out for a stick, with which he was struck down, and which he used to drive the tiger away. The tiger was caught by the tail with both hands, and held by the foot with the other, and put into the cage. The tiger was then left in the cage, and the man went through the same performance on the other side of the deck. He then showed a stick, and the tiger was put into the cage, and the man went through the same performance on the other side of the deck. The tiger was then left in the cage, and the man went through the same performance on the other side of the deck. The tiger was then left in the cage, and the man went through the same performance on the other side of the deck. The tiger was then left in the cage, and the man went through the same performance on the other side of the deck.

PEOPLE'S PALACE PARLIAMENT

A Cabinet Council was held on Thursday last. The Ministers present were Messrs. A. Alby, G. Hillings, H. Hawkins, and W. Taylor.

PEOPLE'S PALACE JUNIOR SECTION

JUNIOR BEAUMONT CRICKET CLUB

On Saturday, June 22nd, we played a match on our own ground against the 3rd Min. Harriers. The match was played in fine weather, and the score was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Team</th>
<th>Total Runs</th>
<th>Extras</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BEAUMONT</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Min. Harriers</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BEAUMONT won by 15 runs.

The next match will be against the Laurel Club, on July 6th, at 4 p.m.
THAT evening we camped upon the top of the cliff, up
comrades to be buried by the vultures. I descended the gully
ahead in loose order to guard against surprise while as many
marched, together with the girl who was personating Maiwa,
for Wambe's place, which was at a distance of about twenty-
miles from the mountain-pass. When we got there the
head-man of our party answered about fifty of Wambe's soldiers, who were evidently on the
look-out for us. They stopped us, and their captain asked
me, I said that I thought we had better march
to Wambe in accordance with his command. I he captain
looked at his men, and then said that he would send us on
and that his men would go with us. We took this as a
promise that we might make acquaintance with that lion tiap
the girl, and trust to Providence, as I have so often had to
get to the chief's place before evening. But we, on the other
hand, were prisoners, while
were not. They did not accept this excuse in good part, and
however, either from motives of policy, or because they were
'mighty frightened. Indeed there was not much pretence about
possible that I might make acquaintance with that lion tiap
fear of Wambe upon their tribe. Thereon this gentleman,
and mock me, saying that Wambe would make me pay for
my success. He said that we should be given over
on, and trust to Providence, as I have so often had to
could to urge us forward, as they were
side beneath the Butiana spears. But still they kept it up,
-never believed that Matukus had it in them to
of their men fell, but though we checked we could not stop
a retreat into the caves, and there expire in a manner as
were altogether outnumbered, and to make matters worse,
were most exposed to the fire from the dip at its base.
men were most exposed to the fire from the dip at its base.
shout the word of Wambe,' the herald said.
'should never have believed that Matukus had it in them to
were altogether outnumbered, and to make matters worse,
were most exposed to the fire from the dip at its base.
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were altogether outnumbered, and to make matters worse,
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shout the word of Wambe,' the herald said.
'should never have believed that Matukus had it in them to
were altogether outnumbered, and to make matters worse,
GRAND CONVERSAZIONI
IN THE QUEEN'S HALL
by
The Boys of the People's Palace Technical Day Schools,
On the evenings of Wednesday, 5th, Thursday, 6th,
Friday, 7th, and Saturday, 8th July, from 6 to 10,
also on the
Afternoons of Thursday, Friday, and Saturday,
from 2.30 to 6.

PROGRAMME.

DEMONSTRATIONS IN CHEMISTRY.
Under Mr. A. P. LAURIE and Miss F. G. POPE.
Arens, J. E.; Byes, S.; Clow, E. A.; Cole, C. W.;
Hughes, W. A.; Levy, J.; Leuer, Thos. H.; Middlethorpe, W. J.;
Newman, C.; Palmer, W. M.; Robb, J.; Von Bohr, J.;
Under MR. A. W. BEVIS and MR. MILLER.

UNDER MR. A. W. BEVIS and MR. MILLER.
Hughes, Wm. A.; Levy, J.; Lucas, Thos. H.; Muckleston, W. J.

DEMONSTRATIONS IN ELECTRICITY.
Under Mr. F. C. FORSYTH and Mr. G. J. MICHELL.
Asher, H.; Blackham, R.; Finan, J. E.; Londreson, Alex.;
McConn, W.; Oubled, G.; Rickitt, F.; Robb, J.;
Under MR. A. W. BEVIS and MR. MILLER.

PRACTICAL WORK IN CARPENTRY.
Under Mr. W. GRAVES and Mr. EMERSON.
Allsop, J.; Clark, J. J.; Langham, Ellis; Love, F. J.;
Wisle, J.; Willham, E.; Wingfield, E.; Woodward, Wm.

PRACTICAL WORK IN FILING, FITTING, ETC.
Under Mr. A. W. BEVIS and Mr. MILLER.
Brown, G.; Frankham, W. J.; Ford, E.; Davison, F. W.;
Howell, F. S.; King, G. V.; Powell, J.; Smith, S.;
White, W. H.

PRACTICAL WORK IN PATTERN MAKING AND MOULDING.
Under Mr. A. W. BEVIS and Mr. MILLER.
Broadbent, R.; Davison, T.; Fox, F. W.; Freer, W. G.;
Sastatar, E.; Wright, Robert.

WOOD CARVING.
Under Mr. T. FERRIN.
Harwood, Edgar; McCaffrey, F.; Niles, M. H.; Taylor, F. W.;
Wingfield, H.

FREEHAND AND MODEL DRAWING,
AND MODELLING IN CLAY.
Under Mr. A. LEGGE and Mr. BISHOP.
Ames, G. W.; Bower, F. W.; Butler, S.; Butler, Horace;
Casson, W. H.; Carter, H. C.; Clark, H. C.; Dawes, John;
Durrant, E. W.; Eltham, E.; Judd, A. E.; Kennedy, R.; Murley,
Geo. J.; Taylor, W.; Toyer, R.; Weiss, A. J.; Wilson, E.

REPOUSSE WORK & ENGRAVING.
Under Mr. DANELS.
Conwell, W. J.; Edwards, E. F. B.; Nutter, A.; Pinfold, A. E.;
Plattner, A.

MACHINE DRAWING.
Under Mr. E. J. BURRELL.
Aladdon, H.; Bartlett, F. C.; Foster, F.; Brown, W.; Davis, G.;
Haswell, A. E.; Miller, W.; Parliker, G. F.; Phillips, H. A.

BUILDING DRAWING.
Under Mr. THOMAS BILBERRY.
Benton, E. T.; Everett, James; Herley, C. N.; Kite, G. P.;
Richardson, Wm.; Wingfield, W. H.

PRACTICAL SOLID GEOMETRY.
Under Mr. E. J. BURRELL.
Adie, C.; Boswell, E. H.; Bousforth, C.; Hasell, A.; Thomas,
A. E.; Willment, G.

THE WHOLE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE HEAD MASTER,
MR. D. A. LOW.
**The Palace Journal.**

**July 3, 1889.**

**Calendar of the Week.**

*July 2.—* Translation of St. Martin. There are two days in the year sacred to the memory of St. Martin—November 11th and 25th. St. Martin was Bishop of Tours, and died in 397. He was born in Hungary, became a Christian solitudo in order to become Bishop of Tours. There are few of the medieval saints whose life was more admirable than that of St. Martin. Bishop Martin opened not only over France but into England, which is proved by the fact that his name still remains in the Church Calendar. This day was, is St. Martin’s, supposed to be propitious, and it was said there would be a good harvest; if it rained there would be rain every day for twenty days to come. On this day died Samuel Richardson, author of “Clarissa,” in the year 1791. This is the Day of Independence in the United States. It was celebrated by a national festival in America, because it was on this day, July 4, 1776, that the United States declared their independence.

*July 3.—* This is a day to be celebrated by actresses. On this day was born Sarah Siddons, 1755, her maiden name was Kemble. On this day died Archibald Jordan, 1876, whose maiden name was Blunt.

*July 4.—* Battle of Sedgmoor was fought on this day, 1685. It was a battle ably conceived and badly executed. The Duke of Monmouth had with him about 4,000 troops, tolerably well armed, but composed of undisciplined country lads. The Royal forces were camped in the middle of Sedgmoor, and it was decided to attack them by night. The officers of the Royal troops were drinking or drinking, the men were asleep, and the attack would certainly have succeeded but for the fact that Monmouth’s men could not get across a deep dyke which at this point ran across Sedgmoor. The result of the battle was, that in half-an-hour or so the rebel troops were cut to pieces and Monmouth himself was riding away in hopes of reaching the coast.

A good year for the boys died on this day, among them Henry H., 1112; Sir Thomas Moore, beheaded in May 1535 and Edward VI, 1553.

*July 5.—* Died Edward I. of England, 1307. Richard Sheridan died, 1816, whose maiden name was Kemble. On this day died Dorothea Jordan, 1816, whose maiden name was Bland.

*July 6.—* Peter the Hermit died, 1115. He was the monk who preached the first Crusade, and led Europe against a horde of thousands of poor ignorant rustics, who believed that the Lord would hand over Jerusalem to them on their first appearance in the land. All these poor wretches were destroyed in Asia Minor. Much as the world owes to the Crusades for this idea contained in the famous lines which are so often quoted occurs in the works of several writers, and some have tried to trace it to Turcotti, who, as it is believed, may have adopted it from the Crusades. The following are some of the versions in which this idea is found:

1. “He who fights and runs away.”
2. “Chase him and chase him unceasingly.”
3. “The same man that runs away May turn and fight another day;”
4. “He that flies and runs away May never rise to fight again.”
5. “The same man that runs away May turn and fight another day.”

These are from Butler’s “ Hudibras.”

*July 7.—* Peter the Hermit died, 1115. He was the monk who preached the first Crusade, and led Europe against a horde of thousands of poor ignorant rustics, who believed that the Lord would hand over Jerusalem to them on their first appearance in the land. All these poor wretches were destroyed in Asia Minor. Much as the world owes to the Crusades for

Advertisements.

Visitors to the People’s Palace Are Particularly Requested to Inspect the “Brookes” Tricycle & Safety Bicycle

**AT THE EAST LONDON CYCLE SUPPLY STORES’ STAND OR AT 264, COMMERCIAL ROAD, E.**

Cycling. The tourists’ route map of England and Wales is equally good for cycling, walking, or driving tours. It is the cheapest road map in the market, at anything like the price, and gives the routes for thirty of the best tours. Canvas mounted and cloth cased, 1/-

LONDON: L. UPCOTT GILL, 170, STRAND, W.C.

**PEOPLE’S PALACE MEMORY LESSONS.**

Arrangements have been made for Members of the People’s Palace to receive courses of Prof. Loisette’s Memory Lessons for £1, 15s. instead of £2 2s. First lecture next Tuesdays, at 8 p.m., at 37, New Oxford Street. Private lessons (2s. 6d.), and lessons by post at any time.

Mr. D. GREENLEAF THOMPSON (Author of “A System of Psychology”): Longmans, 1895. Dr. W. A. HAMMOND (Author of “Work on the Mind”) and Dr. M. L. HOBROOK (Author of “How to Strengthen the Memory”) declare that the Loisette system is original and of great value. Notices of Lectures to University Men at Oxford, opinions of Pupils who have passed Examinations and of Members of the Medical, Scientific, Educational, etc., professions, post free from Prof. LOISETTE, 37, New Oxford Street, London.
SPRINGS
Sold in various sizes from \( \frac{1}{9} \) to 22/6. A great saving is effected in purchasing the larger sizes. The \( \frac{1}{9} \), 4/6, and 22/6 are put up in Tin Cases, and are very handy for Families and Travellers.

96 ADVERTISEMENTS. July 3, 1889.

METROPOLITAN HOSPITAL,
KINGSLAND ROAD, E.

Patron—THE PRINCE OF WALES.
Chairman—JOHN FRY, ESQ.
Hon. Secretary—SIR EDMUND HAY CURRIE.

THE NEW BUILDING FOR 160 BEDS IS NOW COMPLETE.

The Hospital is conducted on Strictly Provident Principles.

ACCIDENTS AND CASES OF URGENCY ADMITTED AT ALL HOURS FREE.

THE CHARITY HAS NO ENDOWMENT.

Funds urgently needed for Furnishing, Opening, and maintaining the New wards.

BANK

"CELESTINS," for Diseases of the Kidneys, Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, &c.
"GRANDE-GRILLE," for Diseases of the Liver and Biliary Organs, &c.

Sole English Branch—INGRAM & ROYLE,
LONDON: 52, Farringdon St., E.C. LIVERPOOL: Finney Lane. BRISTOL: Bath Bridge.

The Natural Mineral Waters of
VICHY

36s. per Case
50 Bottles
Carriage paid.

(STATE SPRINGS).

"CELESTINS," for Diseases of the Kidneys, Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, &c.
"GRANDE-GRILLE," for Diseases of the Liver and Biliary Organs, &c.

Sole English Branch—INGRAM & ROYLE,
LONDON: 52, Farringdon St., E.C. LIVERPOOL: Finney Lane. BRISTOL: Bath Bridge.

And of all Chemists. A Full Descriptive Pamphlet on application.

IMPORTANT TO ALL WORKING MEN AND WOMEN.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS
Will be found to be an invaluable as well as inexpensive remedy for,
Colds,
Coughs,
Asthma,
Bronchitis,

RHEUMATISM.

The Rev. MARK GUY PEARSE,
says — "Dear Sir, I think it only right that I should tell you of how much use I find ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS in my family and amongst those to whom I have recommended them. We are never without them, and find them a very breast-plate against Colds and Coughs. Yours ever faithfully, M. GUY PEARSE, 11, Bedford Place, Russell Square, London, Dec. 10, 1888."

Sold in various sizes from 1/4 to 22/6. A great saving is effected in purchasing the larger sizes. The 1/9, 4/6, and 22/6 are put up in Tin Cases, and are very handy for Families and Travellers.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS
Are the best preventative of all the evils arising from exposure to weather. An immediate relief in
PAINS IN BACK,
PAINS IN SIDE,
SCIATICA,

IN RUPTURES.

They are a very good substitute for the uncomfortable Truss.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA,
Special Correspondent to the Daily Telegraph, says — "And in particular a couple of ALLCOCK’S POROUS PLASTERS clapped on—one on the chest and another between the shoulder blades—soon set me right again," referring to an attack he had of bronchitis and asthma on his way to "The Land of the Golden Fleece," and the above remarks are contained in his letter to the London Daily Telegraph, published August 14, 1885.

CAUTION.—Insist on having the genuine. The guarantee is the words "THOS. ALLCOCK & CO. POROUS PLASTER," on the Stamp.