This Journal has a Larger Circulation than any other in the East End.

Applications for Advertisements in the " Palace Journal" to be made to SMITH & BOTWEIGHT, 6, Eldon St., Finsbury.

METROPOLITAN HOSPITAL,
KINGSLAND ROAD E.
Funds urgently needed for Furnishing, Opening, and maintaining the New Wards.

The Birkbeck Almanack contains full particulars, and may be had.

THE NEW BUILDING FOR 160 BEDS IS NOW COMPLETE.

The Hospital is conducted on Strictly Provident Principles.

FINDS OF UNIX, THE MOST POPULAR EXHIBITION IN LONDON.

Many and wonderful specimens of the latest productions of human industry, art and skill, are exhibited in this popular Institution.

THE LITTLE GEM.

Every man and woman in search of health and strength.

BIRKBECK BANK,
Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

For the convenience of those who keep savings small sums in deposits, and earn interest on said sums, the Birkbeck Bank has a special department for the accommodation of such depositors.

Why purchase a house for two guineas per month? The Birkbeck Bank can lend you from 30l. to 100l. per annum, at 5 per cent. interest. Apply at the Office of the British Provident Loan Society, and may be had at 6, Southwark Buildings, Chancery Lane.

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The most remarkable and interesting man of the present day, and the most remarkable and interesting man of the 19th century, are both now in residence at the Crystal Palace.

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EARLY WRITINGS OF THOMAS PESTALOZZI.

THE LITTLE GEM.

EARLY WRITINGS OF THOMAS PESTALOZZI.

NEW CASH LINE—THE "DRAYTON"

 بكلمة، هذه النافذة تظهر الصفحة الأولى من المجلة، بالإضافة إلى النص الأصلي الذي تم استخراجه. لا يوجد أي علامات تعبيرية أو عناصر تحليلية في النص. يمكنني قراءتها بشكل طبيعي وتحويل النص إلى نص طبيعي.
Vol. VI.—No. 134.
Wednesday, June 4, 1890.

[One Penny]

Notes of the Week.

The East End tailors seem to be busy. The Bonniers and hatters are content not to abolish the middleman, but only to enforce the agreement between the tailors and the retail tailors, who do not sign the sanitary order. So the masters have not settled their demands, but they have nothing to gain. But it cannot be expected that the Presenters' Union will arrive at the same conclusion shortly, and we may look for some show of fight.

Mr. Parkinson Edwards has given a lecture on the erection of a new library at Bethnal Green. With such a sum of money at command, it is hoped that a good work will be initiated. It seems almost incredible to think of a city like London having a library. This is not to be in some distant street; it must be in some pleasant, prominent position. The work is already in progress, and we may look forward to seeing the undertaking completed in a short time.

The object of gymnastics being to develop every part of the body, the dress worn in promoting that end is of great importance. It usually consists of a blue, with a short garment, or short sleeves, and a short skirt below the knee. The sleeves should reach not quite to the wrists, the armpits being large and unencumbered, the arms being free, and free as possible. The coachman always wears his coat, and holds his reins below the knee. The sleeves should reach not quite to the wrists, the armpits being large and unencumbered, the arms being free, and free as possible. The coachman always wears his coat, and holds his reins below the knee.

TheMapping Entertainment given in the Bath last Thursday only took immensely, and proved the most effective demonstrative means in swimming possible.

Gymnastics Dress for Girls.

Up to the present time we have rewarded nothing on the moon's face which lends us to suspect the existence of human beings in that small celestial island. But in the month of May, there are few who do not doubt the existence of some form of life on the moon, and some who think it possible that the moon may be inhabited by a race of beings who are no less those astronomers who specially observe our satellite, and who study its singular appearance, to note the result of its neglect, and its perseverance, are generally of opinion that the planet is not so dead as it looks. But, as we have said, the condition of optics is it difficult practically to apply to the study of the moon, and that the most powerful and largest telescope in the world will not bring the moon within the range of our ordinary optical instruments.

Is the Moon People?

W. M. J.
During the holidays, the weather was perfect. A detachment travelled down on Saturday to make the necessary arrangements, and the remainder reached and keenness during the day. The Palace team was weakened by a good turn-out of spectators, including Mr. Fisher and Lord K. Hones. The teams were evenly matched, and the result was a victory for G Stribling and b Goodwin. W Smith c Hones b Goldberg. T. Blaker b Goldberg 18. A W. Evcrson b W. Boyer 0. W. Taylor not out 0. 

The People’s Palace Cricket Club was next proposed, and responded by a good turn-out of spectators, including Mr. Fisher and Lord K. Hones. The teams were evenly matched, and the result was a drawn game. After that, we started to go back. Having left the market place, we started on the way home. Not wishing to risk the displeasure of the milkman, we dismounted to trim our lamps and refresh ourselves. And so after tea at the dairy outside the cricket ground, we started on our way back. This started us on a leisurely pace, and we did ample justice, pipes and a stroll through the market-place were indulged in. Next morning there was a beautiful scenery stretching for miles around. Once on the road, it was thought advisable to walk, and from different points, we obtained glimpses of beautiful scenery. 

The People’s Palace Cycling Club.

Our tour has been very enjoyable. After breakfast, we cycled to the railway station, and travelled through Croydon to Guildford. Here a halt was called, in order to view Windsor Castle. After leaving the scenery in the full, we started for Maidenhead, where we again stopped, and enjoyed this countryside to the full. We turned to Waterloo by the Kennet and Avon Canal. From Reading, we took the road to the ruins of Reading Abbey. The abbey was built by Queen and country than that displayed by the Berks Regiment. 

Our halting place was a cliff at least 200 feet above the Thames, to the left of which is the Woodford meet day. Everything seems to be going well, and the members here are prompt. The committee have decided to hold the meeting on the ground of the Castle Hotel at 4 p.m. prompt. 

The Palace Choral Society.

Our last party was a success. After leaving the station at 8 o’clock, we started to the Congregational Church, where we met the committee. The “Fane” music has now arrived, and we shall commence our practice every evening, at half-past six. 

The Palace Rambling Club.

On Saturday, the party of eleven Members met at Congres, and went to the Congregational Church to meet the committee. After the services, we walked through the town, and saw the various sights. We then proceeded to the Lincolnshire. After dinner, we started to return home, and reached the Thames, and followed our course for some miles. At Basilden we stopped for half-an-hour to view the country. Then, we turned to Waterloo by the 3.45 train.
Tof State issued a decree for clearing the Cemetery of the
from the cemeteries was immediately begun. This work was
their roofs lest the weight of the buildings above should
all performed by night; the bones were brought in funeral
performed with great solemnity, and the work of removal
undermined the southern part of the city. Engineers and
arranged them was commenced, and the skulls and bones
were built up along the walls. The entrance to these catacombs
is near the barrier of Esna, a flight of nearly 50 steps descends, at the
foot of which galleries are seen branching in various directions.
Some yards distant is a vestibule, of vertical form, which opens into a long gallery, lined with bones from floor to roof.
The arm, leg, and thigh bones are in front, closely and
regularly piled, and their uniformity is relieved by three rows of
skulls and small bones which are thrown into the smaller bays. This gallery conducts to several rooms containing chapels, filled with bones variously arranged. One is called the "Tombs of the Liberation," another the "Tombs of the Conquering." The latter contains the relics of those who perished in the early period of the revolution and in the battles of Salamis. It is said that, in the time of Necho of Egypt, there were 5,000,000 human beings in this repository.

Admission to these catacombs has, for years been strictly forbidden, on account of the insanitary condition of the roof. There used to extend an extent of about 320,000 square yards.

The Shepherd kings of Egypt.

A BOOK, i.e., according to the historian, Manetho,
contains an account of certain invaders from the East conquered Egypt, and
their conquest being the cause of the great disturbances and popular riot in Egypt, and finally the kingdom had been divided, one of the kings having established his seat at Memphis, and made all Egypt tributary to him. The Egyptians called these invaders the Hycsos, or "Shepherd Kings," and it is supposed that it was the memory of their hatred which made in later years every shepherd "an abomination to the Egyptians." It is supposed that these shepherd kings were leaders of nomad tribes of Syria and Arabia; chief among whom were the Bethlehemites and the Philistines, who may have come from the east to make their homes in Egypt, and after a time established a kingdom in the Delta, where they held the power of the whole country. The vassal states of the Elephantine kings, who were the vassals of the Hycsos kings, were destroyed by the Babylonians, who set up their own kings in the Delta. The last of the Hycsos kings was named Amasis II, who reigned from 570 to 526 B.C., and was succeeded by Psammetichus I, who reigned from 526 to 525 B.C.

The laws of most European countries have been
abolished by a decree of March 1, 1868, but it was again abolished in 1874, but was re-established in 1875, and again abolished in 1876. The law has been greatly modified, however, during the last twenty years, and in France it is impossible for a man to be imprisoned for debt in a penal institution for a limited period only, proportioned to the amount owed, and no other than the courts may impose imprisonment. A man who has committed frauds or trespassed on the property of another may be imprisoned for debt, but he may, if he is able to pay, be released on paying the fine. The law is in existence in all foreign countries, and in nearly all foreign countries there are similar regulations, though the laws differ greatly in detail, and in permitting debtors to obtain credit again, while the English law is in existence, the property of the debtor to his creditors will be prosecuted similarly.
Unparalleled Adventure of one Hans Pfaall

BY EDGAR ALLAN POE

(Concluded from page 33)

April 16th. Now that I had always settled the seats and contents, and could be traced upon the earth with distinctness. About half past eight o'clock, an extremely low and more appalling sound which had so astonished me before, now made itself known. I could hear it distinctly in the hollow side windows, not without some difficulty, as there was a strong and gradual murmur, and it is by no means clear, that had it been in the room were that sound, it would not have been heard above the common noise of the establishment. At length, after a long time, I tuned out what palace with what I thought were words heard in a vision, in the midst of a dream, and it was the name of the place where I was destined to find a certain lady, who had been the object of my deepest affection.

April 17th. To-day I found an enormously increased in the brightness of the moon, and the reflection from the car. The two cusps visible. It did not seem to move. I was a little afraid of soon reaching the end of my perilous voyage. The stupor and surprise produced in my mind by this phenomenon, and one which, to me like a chart—and although I judged it to be still at no considerable distance, I soon felt all the indications of its approach, and it was now entirely visible. The two cusps visible. It did not seem to move. I was a little afraid of soon reaching the end of my perilous voyage. The stupor and surprise produced in my mind by this phenomenon, and one which, to me like a chart—and although I judged it to be still at no considerable distance, I soon felt all the indications of its approach, and it was now entirely visible. The two cusps visible. It did not seem to move. I was a little afraid of soon reaching the end of my perilous voyage. 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What Women are Doing.

The agitation in Paris on the subject of giving business women votes in the election of local representatives, is merely a repetition of the French Revolution. It is a natural consequence of the spread of the French Revolution throughout the world, and it suggests a comparison between their struggles and ours. It seems almost difficult to believe that until the passing of the Married Women's Property Act, in Britain, there was a scarcity of women who were not married. It seems almost incredible that there was any time when a woman was not considered a slave, and that she was not allowed to vote for the men who represented her in Parliament.

There is an increasing demand for women as rubbers in the treatment of the smallpox and other ailments by massage. There are a few women in England, attached to the institution of the University of Oxford, who are engaged in the preparation of the University's monthly bill, and who are paid for their work.

The idea that it is more "gentle" to live with folded hands on a scanty income, than to work for the support of a family, is rapidly gaining ground. It is hardly true to say that it is a great extreme to believe that a woman should be able to live on a scanty income. These gentlemen are inundated with letters of inquiry as to how they can be engaged in and the privacy of the house.

But the very shape of the dress coat, which has been so much and so often ridiculed, is not an arbitrary fashion, but a practical and economical one. Starting from the very ample square skirted coat at the close of the seventeenth century, itself a compromise of two existing habits, the coat collar had to be frequently turned up and the coat buttoned closely over it to meet the severity of sudden storms. A division was made on each side of the collar to permit this to be done, and the present moment in its way represents the survival of this very sensible precaution.

Not even the women who adorn a man's back with arms, and perfume, can imagine the period. This was done by two buttons sewn on over the hips, which were attached to loops set in at the edge of the coat. Then, as a part of a permanent fashion, the loops were fitted, and the buttons were fastened with clasps instead. In 1640, the same thing began to be done, but instead of a simple clasp, a new device was attained to a new series of clasp in the supporting of the sword belt. Note that word 'sword' here is only used in the sense in which 'sword' naturally means a sword.

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Your Rubber Stamp.

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OF ALL KINDS.

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NOW OPEN the New Blue-Hat Warehouse,
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Complete Deliveries of NEW SUMMER GOODS.

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London's Great Health Resort, only half-an-hour from Bethnal Green Station.

Charles Selby,
Undertaker and Complete Furnisher,
31, Campbell Road, Bow Road, and
36, HIGH STREET, BROMLEY.

MORNING COAT.

The original AMERICAN DIAGONAL "RAILWAY"

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All Prescriptions, Family Recipes, and Hospital Letters dispensed with accuracy and at Low Prices.

Elastic Stockings, Enemas, Chest Protectors, Trusses, and all Surgical Appliances.

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EVERY ONE SHOULD VISIT EPPING FOREST.

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FOR CHEAP AND RESPECTABLE FUNERALS

WITHOUT EXTRAS.

Charles Selby,
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THE ROYAL FOREST HOTEL, CHINGFORD.

It is charmingly situated in the Forest close to Queen Elizabeth's Hunting Lodge, in Connaught Waters, and in the Green Rides. It is the key to all the principal points of interest in the Forest, including the British Army Encampments of Bushy and Sancroft. There are many delightful and interesting drives in the neighbourhood. There are special arrangements in the Forest during all seasons of the year. Nightingales and other birds abound.

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